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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/809,113	03/25/2004	Neal Patrick Ferris	028736.00009	6637
7590	06/23/2006		EXAMINER	
McNair Law Firm, P.A. P.O. Box 10827 Greenville, SC 29603-0827				MOHANDESI, JILA M
		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	3728

DATE MAILED: 06/23/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/809,113	FERRIS, NEAL PATRICK	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jila M. Mohandes	3728	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 March 2006.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application.
 - 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-22 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>03/25/04</u> .	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 8, 15 and 20-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Searfoss (6,022,145). Searfoss discloses a product display plastic bag for packaging, displaying and transporting goods comprising: upper and lower surface members (see figure 1 embodiment) interconnected along each edge by a side member, said side members being interconnected along adjacent edges forming an enclosed inner area for receiving said goods; a patch (flap 13) attached to one of said upper, lower and side members, said patch comprising a vinyl piece having a pair of spaced elongated openings arranged adjacent opposed edges of said patch forming a strip there between (see figure 2 embodiment); securing means (adhesive means 17), located adjacent and along each edge of said patch, securing said patch with said one of said upper, lower and side members beneath said patch and covered by said strip; wherein, access to said goods within said enclosed area may be had without activating said closure member by shifting said strip and uncovering said opening and transport of said bag may be accommodated by use of said strip as a handle.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

5. Claims 1-7, 9-14, 16-19 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Searfoss (6,022,145) in view of Belmont et al. (6,327,754). Searfoss as described above discloses all the limitations of the claims except for the bag having a re-engageable closure member forming said connection between selected of said side members and one of said upper and lower surface members providing said bag with reclosable opening for in and out of access for said goods. Belmont discloses that it is desirable to provide reclosable closures such as zippers for bag that can securely close and reopen the bag for repeated use. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a re-engageable closure for the bag of Searfoss as taught by Belmont to securely close and reopen the bag for repeated use.

With respect to claims 2, 9-10, 13-14 and 22, Searfoss discloses that it is desirable to make the patch from vinyl, see column 4, lines 43-55. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the material of the bag and the patch, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

With respect to claims 3, 5 and 16-19, whether the securing means is a by heat sealing, glue, stitching or any other art recognized equivalent is an obvious matter of choice, such as to require less manual dexterity to operate.

With regard to claim 12, it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art. In re Japikse, 86 USPQ 70.

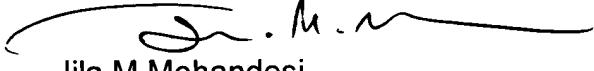
Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Shown are product display bags analogous to applicant's instant invention.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jila M. Mohandes who's telephone number is (571) 272-4558. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:30-4:00 (EST).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mickey Yu can be reached on (571) 272-4562. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.



Jila M Mohandes
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 3728

JMM
19 June 2006